

# Overcoming resistance - Innovative broad-spectrum inhibitors of Metallo- $\beta$ -lactamases

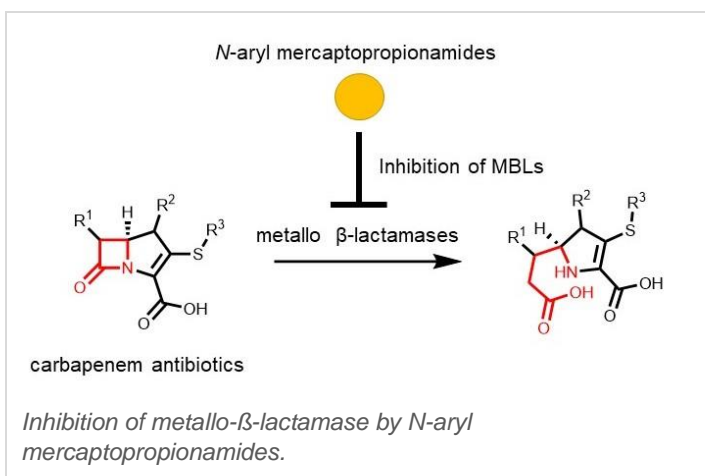
**Keywords:** Metallo- $\beta$ -lactamases, MBL inhibitors, N-aryl mercaptopropionamide, Imipenemase, Verona integron-encoded MBL, New Delhi MBL

## INVENTION NOVELTY

Provided are innovative metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase (MBL) inhibitors for combination with  $\beta$  lactam antibiotics showing high inhibitory activity against the three most relevant MBLs such as Imipenemase (IMP), Verona integron-encoded MBL (VIM) and New Delhi MBL (NDM).

## VALUE PROPOSITION

The increasing development of bacterial resistance to antibiotics is caused by various resistance mechanisms. One very effective mechanism is the secretion of  $\beta$ -lactamases which hydrolyse the  $\beta$ -lactam ring of highly effective antibiotics like penicillins, cephalosprins and carbapenems resulting in loss of antibacterial efficacy. These enzymes are produced by a variety of relevant pathogens including *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and *Escherichia coli*. According to their catalytic mechanism  $\beta$ -lactamases are subdivided into different classes. Class A, C and D cleave the  $\beta$ -lactam ring via a serine residue (SBLs), while metallo- $\beta$ -lactamases (MBLs, class B) have one or two zinc ions within the catalytic centre, which hydrolyse the bond by a water molecule. Most of the clinical  $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitors target SBLs, while MBL inhibitors are missing. Due to the high sequence diversity and different substrates of MBLs, the development of selective MBL inhibitors is a major challenge.



## TECHNOLOGY DESCRIPTION

The invention relates to N-aryl mercaptopropionamides with high inhibitory activity against three important class B MBLs in the submicromolar range. No cytotoxicity was observed for the compounds so far. Advantageously, the inhibitors possess no intrinsic antibacterial activity, while in combination with a  $\beta$ -lactam-antibiotic, they restore its activity and reduce MIC values up to 60-fold. High selectivity over human off-targets such as matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) in combination with the high potency makes these novel broad-spectrum MBL inhibitors particularly attractive.

## COMMERCIAL OPPORTUNITY

The technology targets the  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotics market and is offered for co-development or licensing.

## DEVELOPMENT STATUS

MBL inhibition data were obtained in vitro. Toxicity was studied in human cell lines and in vivo in a zebrafish model. Structure-activity relationship (SAR) studies are in progress. The biological evaluation with various methods is ongoing (ITC, Checkerboard and Time-Kill assay, *Galleria mellonella* infection model).

## PATENT SITUATION

A European priority application was filed in March, 2020 (EP20164855.7).

## FURTHER READING

Büttner, D., et al. (2017). Challenges in the Development of a Thiol-Based Broad-Spectrum Inhibitor for Metallo- $\beta$ -Lactamases. *ACS Infectious Diseases*, 4(3), 360–372. doi:10.1021/acsinfecdis.7b00129

Kaya C., et al. N-Aryl mercaptopropionamides as broad-spectrum inhibitors of metallo- $\beta$ -lactamases, Manuscript in preparation.